

# Is Mathematics after all a product of human thought?

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1. The theorems of Gödel and Turing: In Mathematics there always will be solvable, unsolved problems.
2. Does Kant's „knowledge *a priori*“ make sense after Gödel and Turing theorems?
3. It is generally assumed that mathematical entities are mental entities or beings of reason, or that they exist only in a knower.  
*The answer* to the question of whether there are finite or infinite perfect numbers *exists*.  
But it does not exist in any human knower.  
In which knower is it?
4. Anyway, if mathematical entities exist *a priori* in a knower (Kant), but there always will be mathematical problems whose answer do not exist in any human knower, then it follows that these answers exist *a priori* in some mind mightier than human mind.